ADVERSARY PROCEEDING: COMPLAINT FOR RESCISSION & DECLARATORY RELIEF

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600

Locke Lord LLP

Carrier Carrie

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

INTRODUCTION

- Plaintiff, Evanston Insurance Company ("Evanston"), by and through its undersigned attorneys, brings this action for Rescission and Declaratory Relief against Layfield & Barret, APC ("L&B"), Philip J. Layfield (also known as Philip S. Pesin), Joseph Barrett, Todd D. Wakefield, and Terry Bailey (collectively, Plaintiff Evanston is an Illinois corporation "Defendants" or the "Insureds"). centered in Deerfield, Illinois. As alleged more fully below, federal court jurisdiction of this matter is authorized pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1332(a) because the parties are citizens of different States and/or foreign states, and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00. In addition, Evanston files this action as an adversary proceeding in this Bankruptcy Court pursuant to subsections (7) (equitable relief) and (9) (declaratory relief) of Rule 7001 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure. Pursuant to Local Bankruptcy Rule 7008-1, Evanston avers that the related bankruptcy proceeding, In re: Layfield & Barrett, APC, Case No.: 2:17-bk-19548-NB (which was filed as an involuntary petition under Chapter 7 but has since been converted to a Chapter 11 proceeding), is pending in this United States Bankruptcy Court for the Central District of California, Los Angeles Division, before the Honorable Neil W. Bason, United States Bankruptcy Judge. Plaintiff, which demands a jury trial and will be filing a Motion for Withdrawal of Reference, does not consent to the entry of final orders or judgments by the Bankruptcy Court.
- 2. Evanston issued an insurance policy (the "Policy") to L&B, under which Messrs. Layfield, Barrett, and Wakefield, and others (perhaps including Mr. Bailey) are purported Insureds for certain purposes pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Policy and applicable law. Evanston has recently discovered that Mr. Layfield, who may have left the country for Costa Rica, is accused of having misappropriated \$5-10 million of client monies from L&B client trust or other accounts, as part of an intentional scheme. That scheme was ongoing when Mr. Wakefield (who also had knowledge of the client complaints regarding unpaid monies and was concerned that

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600

Locke Lord LLP

Los Angeles, CA 90071

25

they would lead to litigation) signed the Application for the Policy. The Application was materially false because it failed to disclose (among other things) the misappropriation scheme and L&B client complaints regarding unpaid client funds.

- 3. Accordingly, as fully set forth below, Evanston petitions this Court for: (I) rescission of the Policy (subject to Court approval), rendering it void *ab initio*, as to all Insureds, on the ground that it was issued in reliance on the materially false Application; and/or (II) a judicial declaration that the Policy does not provide any coverage for any Claims whatsoever, including, but not limited to, the lawsuit captioned, Josephine Nguyen v. Philip Layfield, et al., Orange County Super. Ct. Case No. 30-2017-00930393-BU-BC-CJC (filed July 7, 2017) (the "Nguyen Action").
- 4. As a part of its rescission claim, Evanston hereby tenders the refund of the premium paid by L&B for the Policy, ultimately to be distributed as the Court may direct, including for the benefit of Mr. Layfield's client-victims.

THE PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE

- 5. Defendant L&B, the putative "Named Insured" identified in the Declarations of the Policy, and hitherto a California Professional Corporation in good standing with its principal place of business at 9170 Irvine Center Drive Suite 100, Irvine, California 92618, is the Debtor in the related bankruptcy proceeding, In re: Layfield & Barrett, APC, Case No.: 2:17-bk-19548-NB.
- 6. Defendant Philip J. Layfield (also known as Philip S. Pesin), a member of the State Bar of California and on information and belief a California domiciliary, is the President and Managing Partner of L&B, and a purported Insured under the Policy for certain purposes.
- 7. Defendant Joseph Barrett, a member of the State Bar of California and on information and belief a California domiciliary, is a purported Insured under the Policy for certain purposes.
 - 8. Defendant Todd D. Wakefield, a member of the State Bar of Utah and a

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

California domiciliary, is or was the General Counsel of L&B, and a purported Insured under the Policy for certain purposes, who signed the Application for the Policy.

- 9. Evanston is informed and believes, and on that basis alleges, that Defendant Terry Bailey, a member of the State Bar of California and on information and belief a California domiciliary, claims to be a purported Insured under the Policy for certain purposes.
- 10. Messrs. Layfield, Barrett, Wakefield, and Bailey, and any and all other current or former lawyer employees of L&B, to the extent that they purport to qualify as Insureds under the Policy, have authorized L&B to act on their behalf with respect to the giving and receiving of all notices to and from Evanston, pursuant to Other Condition L of the Policy.
- Defendants are (or, in the case of Mr. Bailey, may be) purported Insureds under Lawyers Professional Liability Insurance Policy Number LA808710 (the "Policy"), which Evanston issued to L&B for the Policy Period of February 15, 2017 to February 15, 2018. The Policy has a \$2 million aggregate and \$1 million per Claim limit of liability, subject to a \$25,000 per claim deductible.
- 12. The Court has jurisdiction of this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1332(a) because the parties are citizens of different States and/or foreign states, and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00.
- Venue is appropriate pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1391(b) because it is the location of the principal place of business of the Named Insured, to which Evanston delivered the subject Policy, through a California licensed surplus lines broker, and is the location in which a substantial portion of the events at issue occurred.

FACTUAL BACKGROUND RE: MR. LAYFIELD'S MISAPPROPRIATIONS

Evanston alleges the facts set forth below in ¶¶ 15-23, infra, on information and belief, after diligent inquiry and review of available information.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

The allegations set forth in in \P 15-23 are taken largely from the pleadings in the Nguyen Action, and from the filings in a bankruptcy proceeding filed by a non-Insured unrelated entity of which L&B's former General Counsel, Todd D. Wakefield (who signed the Application) is the sole shareholder.

- Mr. Layfield was, during the relevant period, the sole or majority shareholder and managing partner of L&B, a litigation firm founded in or about L&B was a plaintiffs' contingent fee litigation law firm headquartered in Irvine, California, and subsequently Los Angeles, California. L&B also operated offices at various times in Park City, Utah, Scottsdale, Arizona, and Miami, Florida. At times the firm had more than 60 employees in the United States and reportedly over 200 employees in India through an Indian entity owned by Mr. Layfield.
- 16. Mr. Layfield reportedly misappropriated funds from L&B's interest-onlawyer-trust account(s) (IOLTA account[s]), into which all L&B client funds were reportedly deposited after settlements or verdicts in contingency fee cases. At all times, Mr. Layfield allegedly had sole and exclusive control of L&B's finances and bank accounts (including the primary L&B IOLTA account), and all aspects of handling of client funds and firm cash flows. Mr. Layfield had virtually all the accounting work for L&B performed by employees of his Indian entity.
- In late 2016 and early 2017, Mr. Wakefield became aware of complaints 17. that some clients (mostly in California) were experiencing delays in receiving disbursements of their settlement proceeds. The reason Mr. Wakefield became aware of delays is that clients would first contact the L&B attorneys who had handled their cases, or sometimes other staff members, and when their problems persisted, they became angry, or threatened formal action, they would be "escalated" to Mr. Wakefield as a more senior staff member who reported directly to Mr. Layfield, the managing partner. Mr. Layfield was purportedly reluctant to engage directly with clients and others who had complaints and rarely did so.
 - 18. Upon hearing complaints from clients that it was taking longer than

13

11

expected to receive their final disbursement checks, Mr. Wakefield voiced those concerns to Mr. Layfield, who responded with a shifting series of excuses, none of which appear to be valid.

- During this period, Mr. Wakefield advised Mr. Layfield multiple times of the risk that L&B clients would file complaints to the California Bar over the delayed disbursements. This cannot have come as any surprise to Mr. Layfield, given that he had been misappropriating client settlement funds at least since August of 2016, if not earlier.
- 20. In June of 2017, Mr. Layfield abruptly took everyone off of the L&B payroll and accelerated his departure from day to day activities of L&B. In mid-June 2017, Mr. Layfield allegedly moved to Tamarindo, Costa Rica, where he claims to be setting up an office from which to conduct purportedly further legal business.
- On July 7, 2017, one of L&B's former clients, Josephine Nguyen sued L&B, Mr. Layfield, and Mr. Wakefield's non-Insured unrelated entity, alleging that Mr. Layfield misappropriated settlement checks totaling approximately \$3.9 million (of which her share was 60%). Ms. Nguyen, who retained L&B on March 15, 2016 to represent her as a plaintiff in a personal injury lawsuit arising out of injuries caused when she was struck by a vehicle in a crosswalk on February 24, 2016, alleges: (1) that on or about August 16, 2016, she signed a settlement agreement to resolve her injury claims for the total sum of \$3.9 million; (2) that two separate settlement checks totaling \$3.9 million (both dated August 25, 2016), were delivered to L&B and made jointly payable to Plaintiff and L&B's trust account; and (3) that both checks were signed by L&B only (with an apparently forged signature for Ms. Nguyen), and deposited into L&B's bank account in August 2016. Ms. Nguyen further alleges: (A) that she made several oral and written inquiries with L&B between August 2016 and the present regarding the status of her settlement funds, and also made several requests for an accounting of her settlement funds; and (B) that L&B continued to assure her that an accounting and delivery of settlement funds would be forthcoming

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

imminently to "close out" her file, but that neither has occurred. Ms. Nguyen also alleges that L&B issued her a \$25,000 check (described as an "advance on your settlement") on or about March 9, 2017, but that she has not received any other settlement monies from L&B. Interestingly, the \$25,000 check does not appear to have come from an L&B IOLTA account. (Also interestingly, the letter transmitting the check was dated February 15, 2017 [the day the Policy incepted, and one day after L&B signed the Application, but the check itself was not issued until several weeks later, on March 9, 2017.)

- 22. Most recently, on July 12, 2017, at least two Utah clients, for whom L&B collected a combined \$225,000 in settlements, complained that still have not received any funds from Mr. Layfield, even though their cases settled months ago. It appears to be only a matter of time before these and other L&B clients file their own lawsuits.
- In sum, it is claimed that Mr. Mr. Layfield has misappropriated between \$5 and 10 million in L&B client funds.

L&B'S FALSE APPLICATION FOR THE POLICY

- On February 14, 2017, L&B signed its Application for the Policy. notice above the Application's signature line provides that it "[m]ust be signed by the owner, principal, partner, executive officer or equivalent. The notice also provides that "[t]his application is signed by undersigned authorized agent of the Applicant(s) on behalf of the Applicant(s) and its, owners, partners, directors, officers and employees. While L&B's President and Managing Partner, Philip J. Layfield's name and title were typed on the signature line, L&B's General Counsel, Todd Wakefield, typed in his name and title above Mr. Layfield's, and signed the Application.
- 25. The Application contains a warranty on the signature page that provides: "I/We warrant to the Company, that I/We understand and accept the notice stated above and that the information contained herein is true and that it shall be the basis of the policy and deemed incorporated therein, should the Company evidence its acceptance of this application by issuance of a policy."

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

The Application also provides, on pages 6 to 7, that: 26.

NO FACT, CIRCUMSTANCE OR SITUATION INDICATING THE PROBABILITY OF A CLAIM OR ACTION FOR WHICH BE AFFORDED THE COVERAGE MAY BYPROPOSED INSURANCE IS NOW KNOWN BY ANY PERSON(S) OR ENTITY(IES) PROPOSED FOR THIS INSURANCE OTHER THAN THAT WHICH IS DISCLOSED IN THIS APPLICATION. IT IS AGREED BY ALL CONCERNED THAT \mathbf{IF} KNOWLEDGE OF ANY SUCH FACT, CIRCUMSTANCE OR SITUATION, ANY CLAIM SUBSEQUENTLY EMANATING THEREFROM SHALL BE EXCLUDED FROM COVERAGE UNDER THE PROPOSED INSURANCE.

THE **PURPOSE** OF THIS APPLICATION, UNDERSIGNED AUTHORIZED AGENT OF THE PERSON(S) ENTITY(IES) PROPOSED FOR **THIS INSURANCE** DECLARES THAT TO THE BEST OF HIS/HER KNOWLEDGE BELIEF, **AFTER REASONABLE** AND INOUIRY. **STATEMENTS** IN **THIS** APPLICATION AND IN ANY TRUE ATTACHMENTS, ARE AND COMPLETE. THE UNDERWRITING MANAGER, **COMPANY** AND/OR AFFILIATES THEREOF ARE AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. INOUIRY DOES SIGNING THIS APPLICATION NOT BIND COMPANY TO PROVIDE OR THE APPLICANT TO PURCHASE THE INSURANCE.

THIS APPLICATION, INFORMATION SUBMITTED WITH THIS APPLICATION AND ALL PREVIOUS APPLICATIONS AND **CHANGES THERETO OF** WHICH MATERIAL THE **COMPANY UNDERWRITING** MANAGER, AND/OR AFFILIATES THEREOF RECEIVES NOTICE IS ON FILE WITH UNDERWRITING MANAGER, COMPANY AFFILIATES THEREOF AND IS CONSIDERED PHYSICALLY ATTACHED TO AND PART OF THE POLICY IF ISSUED. THE UNDERWRITING MANAGER, **COMPANY** AND/OR AFFILIATES THEREOF WILL HAVE RELIED UPON THIS APPLICATION AND ALL SUCH ATTACHMENTS IN ISSUING THE POLICY.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

IF THE INFORMATION IN THIS APPLICATION AND ANY ATTACHMENT MATERIALLY **CHANGES** THE DATE THIS APPLICATION IS SIGNED AND THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE POLICY, THE APPLICANT WILL PROMPTLY THE MANAGER, **NOTIFY** UNDERWRITING **COMPANY** THEREOF, WHO MAY MODIFY OR AND/OR AFFILIATES WITHDRAW **ANY OUTSTANDING OUOTATION** OR AGREEMENT TO BIND COVERAGE.

- Section VI of the Application contains the following Question 7: "After 27. inquiry, is any person or entity proposed for this insurance aware of any fact, act, error, omission, personal injury, incident, circumstance or situation that could result in any claim under the proposed insurance, irrespective of the actual validity of the claim?" In answer to Question 7, L&B answered: "[X] No[.]"
- L&B's answer was materially false, as Mr. Layfield was already aware, as of February 14, 2017, that he had been withholding/misappropriating client settlement monies, and Mr. Wakefield had also been aware, since late 2016, of resultant client complaints that he was concerned could lead to litigation. Mr. Layfield knew that he had been withholding Ms. Nguyen's \$2.34 million (60%) portion of her \$3.9 million settlement sum since he (allegedly forged Ms. Nguyen's signature and) deposited her settlement checks almost six months earlier, on August 29, 2016. Mr. Layfield also knew that Ms. Nguyen had been inquiring about and requesting those funds, orally and in writing, since August 2016, and that he still had not paid her any of those funds.
- Evanston issued the Policy in reliance on the materially false Application. Had Evanston been aware of the omitted facts, circumstances, and situations, it would not have issued the Policy at all, let alone for the same premium and on the same terms and conditions.
 - Other Condition D ("Representations") of the Policy provides as follows: 30. By acceptance of this policy, the Insureds agree as follows:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

| 1. | that the information and statements contained in the | 16 |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| | application(s) are the basis of this policy and are to b |)(|
| | considered as incorporated into and constituting a part of th | iis |
| | policy: and | |

- 2. that the information and statements contained in the application(s) are their representations, that they shall be deemed material to the acceptance of the risk or hazard assumed by the Company under this policy, and that this policy is issued in reliance upon the truth and accuracy of such representations.
- 31. The Policy does not contain any severability provision with respect to rescission.
 - 32. The Policy's Insuring Agreement provides as follows: :

The Company shall pay on behalf of the Insured all sums in excess of the Deductible amount stated in Item 5. of the Declarations, which the Insured shall become legally obligated to pay as Damages as a result of Claims first made against the Insured during the Policy Period or the Extended Reporting Period, if exercised, and reported to the Company pursuant to Section Claims A., Claim Reporting Provision, by reason of:

- A. a Wrongful Act arising out of Professional Legal Services; or
- В. Personal Injury committed by the Insured;

provided:

- the entirety of the Wrongful Act or Personal Injury happens during the Policy Period or on or after the Retroactive Date stated in Item 7. of the Declarations; and
- prior to the effective date of this policy no Insured had any knowledge of such Wrongful Act or Personal Injury or any fact, circumstance, situation or incident which would lead a reasonable person in that Insured's position to conclude that a Claim was likely.
- Coverage for the Nguyen Claim and any and all other client fund 33. misappropriation claims would be precluded pursuant to Proviso No. 2 in the Insuring

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Agreement above even if the Policy were not rescinded, and even if the such matters were not already excluded pursuant to the Application Exclusion.

COUNT I (RESCISSION)

(Against All Defendants)

- 34. Evanston incorporates by reference, as if set forth fully herein, the allegations of all of the preceding paragraphs 1 through 33.
- Evanston is entitled (subject to Court approval) to rescind the Policy pursuant to California Insurance Code section 359, which provides that: "If a representation is false in a material point, whether affirmative or promissory, the injured party is entitled to rescind the contract from the time the representation becomes false."
- The Application was false in a material point, at the very least, because L&B falsely represented therein that no Insured was aware of "any fact, act, error, omission, personal injury, incident, circumstance or situation that could result in any claim under the proposed insurance[,]" when Mr. Layfield was clearly aware of his misappropriations.
- Evanston issued the Policy in reliance on the materially false Had Evanston been aware of the omitted facts, circumstances, and Application. situations, it would not have issued the Policy at all, let alone for the same premium and on the same terms and conditions.
- Moreover, as noted above, Other Condition D of the Policy provides that "the information and statements contained in the application(s) are [the Insureds'] representations, that they shall be deemed material to the acceptance of the risk or hazard assumed by [Evanston] under this policy, and that this policy is issued in reliance upon the truth and accuracy of such representations." Such provisions are unambiguous and enforceable and render misrepresentations in an Application material as a matter of law.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

| | 39. | Since the Policy does not contain a severability provision lim | iting th |
|--------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| scope | of i | rescission, Evanston is entitled (subject to Court approval), pur | rsuant to |
| Califo | rnia | Insurance Code section 650, to rescind the Policy as to all Insureds | 2 |

Pursuant to California Civil Code section 1691, notice of rescission 40. (subject to Court approval) is hereby given, and Evanston hereby tenders the refund of the premium L&B paid for the Policy, to be distributed as the Court may direct, including for the benefit of L&B's client-victims.

COUNT II (JUDICIAL DECLARATION)

(Against All Defendants)

- 41. Plaintiff Evanston incorporates by reference, as if set forth fully herein, the allegations of all of the preceding paragraphs 1 through 40.
- As a result of the foregoing matters, an actual and justiciable controversy 42. exists between Evanston and the Defendants regarding the coverage, if any, available to Defendants, pursuant to the terms of the Policy and applicable law, for any Claims, including (without limitation) the underlying Nguyen Claim.
- Plaintiff therefore respectfully petitions the Honorable Court for a judicial declaration to the effect that (*inter alia*, without limitation):
 - The Policy is rescinded, in its entirety, rendering it void, ab initio, as to all Insureds, such that Evanston owes no benefits and has no obligations thereunder.
 - Coverage for the Nguyen Claim and any other undisclosed or related claims is precluded by the Application Exclusion, because L&B failed to disclose the facts, circumstances, and situation underlying those Claims (or the Claims themselves) in response to Question 7 in the Application;
 - Coverage for the Nguyen Claim and any other pre-Policy Period or related claims is unavailable pursuant to the claims-made Insuring Agreement (which only provides coverage for Claims first made against the Insured during the Policy Period, because such Claims were first made before the Policy incepted on February 15, 2017;
 - Coverage for the *Nguyen* Claim and any other client misappropriation claims is unavailable pursuant to Insuring Agreement's

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

| requirement | that | the | Wrongful | Act | complained | of | "aris[e] | out | of |
|------------------------------|------|-----|----------|-----|------------|----|----------|-----|----|
| Professional Legal Services" | | | | | | | | | |

- Coverage for the *Nguyen* Claim and any other undisclosed or related claims is precluded pursuant to Proviso no. 2 of the Insuring Agreement, which provides that coverage is unavailable if any Insured had any knowledge of any fact, circumstance, situation or incident which would lead a reasonable person in that Insured's position to conclude that a Claim was likely;
- California law governs the legal insurability and availability of coverage for the Nguyen Claim and any other client fund misappropriation claims;
- The matters alleged in the *Nguyen* Claim and any other claims based on wilful misconduct are, in their entirety, legally uninsurable pursuant to California Insurance Code section 533, because they are premised upon or inextricably intertwined with a willful scheme of misappropriation;
- The Nguyen Claim and any other client fund misappropriation claims, to the extent that they seek the return of misappropriated monies, are legally uninsurable pursuant to California's well-established public policy against insurance coverage for restitution/disgorgement ill-gotten gains.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Evanston respectfully requests that the Honorable Court:

- Order, Adjudge, and Decree that the Policy is rescinded, in its entirety, Α. and void, ab initio, as to all Insureds;
- В. Order, Adjudge, and Decree that Defendants are not entitled to any coverage under the Policy for the Nguyen Claim or any other Claims, and that such Claims are uninsurable as a matter of law;
- Award Evanston any such other and further relief as is just and C. appropriate; and
- Retain jurisdiction over this matter to oversee the distribution of the D. tendered premium refund, in such manner as the Court may direct, including for the benefit of L&B's defrauded client-victims.

| | C | Main Document Page 14 of 19 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | 1 | Dated: August 22, 2017 LOCKE LORD LLP |
| | 2 | |
| | 3 | By: <u>/s/ Daniel A. Solitro</u> Michael F. Perlis |
| | 4 | Richard R. Johnson |
| | 5 | Lilian M. Khanjian Daniel A. Solitro |
| | | Attorneys for Plaintiff, |
| | 6 | EVANSTON INSURANCE COMPANY |
| | 7 | |
| | 8 | |
| | 9 | |
| | 10 | |
| | 11 | |
| 8 | 12 | |
| ite 26 1 | 13 | |
| ie, Su 9007 | 14 | |
| Avenu , CA | 15 | |
| uth Grand Avenue, Sui Los Angeles, CA 90071 | 16 | |
| ith Gi | 17 | |
| 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 | 18 | |
| 30 | 19 | |
| | 20 | |
| | 21 | |
| | 22 | |
| | 23 | |
| | 24 | |
| | 25 | |
| | 26 | |
| | 27 | |
| | 28 | |
| | 20 | |
| | | 13 ADVERSARY PROCEEDING: COMPLAINT FOR RESCISSION & DECLARATORY RELIEF |

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600

Locke Lord LLP

Los Angeles, CA 90071

Doc 57 Filed 08/22/17 Entered 08/22/17 13:54:53 Desc Main Document Page 16 of 19

B1040 (FORM 1040) (12/15)

| ADVERSARY PROCEEDING COVER SHE | ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NUMBER | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| (Instructions on Reverse) | | (Court Use Only) | | |
| DV A VALUE OF COLUMN AND COLUMN A | DEFEND | ANIMO | | |
| PLAINTIFFS FILANCE CONTRANT IN THE CON | DEFEND | | | |
| EVANSTON INSURANCE COMPANY, an Illinois | | D & BARRETT, APC, PHILIP J. LAYFIELD, | | |
| corporation | | dual, JOSEPH BARRETT, an individual, | | |
| | | WAKEFIELD, an individual, and TERRY | | |
| | | an individual | | |
| ATTORNEYS (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone No.) | ATTORN | IEYS (If Known) | | |
| LOCKE LORD LLP | | | | |
| 300 S. Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 (213) 485-1500 | | | | |
| Los Angeles, CA 90071 | | | | |
| PARTY (Check One Box Only) | PARTY (| Check One Box Only) | | |
| ☐ Debtor ☐ U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin | □ Debtor | U.S. Trustee/Bankruptcy Admin | | |
| ☐ Creditor ☐ Other | Credito: | r Other | | |
| Trustee | Trustee | | | |
| CAUSE OF ACTION (WRITE A BRIEF STATEMENT OF CAUS | E OF ACTIO | N, INCLUDING ALL U.S. STATUTES INVOLVED) | | |
| Complaint for Rescission (Cal. Ins. § 359, Cal. Civ. § 1691, a | | | | |
| Jurisdiction (28 U.S.C. § 1332; Adversary Proceeding per Fe | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| NA TUDE | OF CUIT | | | |
| NATURE (| or sull | | | |
| (Number up to five (5) boxes starting with lead cause of action as | 1, first alterna | tive cause as 2, second alternative cause as 3, etc.) | | |
| | | | | |
| FRBP 70 01(1) – Recovery of Money/Property | | (6) – Dischargeability (continued) | | |
| 11-Recovery of money/propert y - \$542 turnover of property | _ | nargeability- §523(a)(5), domestic support | | |
| 12-Recovery of money/property - §547 preference | | argeability - \$523(a)(6), willful and malicious injury | | |
| 13-Recovery of money/property - §548 fraudulent transfer 14-Recovery of money/property - other | | argeability - \$523(a)(8), student loan | | |
| 14-Recovery of money/property - other | | argeability - §523(a)(15), divorce or separation obligation than domestic support) | | |
| FRBP 70 01 (2) – Validity, Priority or Extent of Lien | | hargeability - other | | |
| 21-Validity, priority or extent of lien or other interest in property | | | | |
| | FRBP 70 01(| 7) – Injunctive Relief | | |
| FRBP 7001(3) – Approval of Sale of Property | 71 -Injunctive relief- imposition of stay | | | |
| 31-Approval of sale of property of estate and of a co-owner - §363(h) | 72-Injun | ctive relief - other | | |
| FRBP 7001(4) – Objection/ Revocation of Discharge | FDRD 70 01/ | 8) Subordination of Claim or Interest | | |
| 41-Objection/re vocation of discharge - §727(c),(d),(e) | | rdination of claim or interest | | |
| | | | | |
| FRBP 7001(5) – Revocation of Confirmation | | 9) Declaratory Judgment | | |
| 51-Revocation of confirmation | ∑ 91 -Decla | aratory judgment | | |
| FRBP 7001(6) – Dischargeability | EDDD 70.01/ | (10) Determination of Removed Action | | |
| 6 6 -Dischargeability - \$523(a)(1),(14),(14A) priority tax claims | | (10) Deter mi nation of Remove d Act ion | | |
| 62-Dischargeability - §523(a)(2), false pretenses, false representation, | or betch | initiation of femoved claim of cause | | |
| actual fraud | Other | | | |
| 67-Dischargeability - §523(a)(4), fraud as fiduciary, embezzlement, larceny | _ | Case - 15 U.S.C. §§78aaa et.seq. | | |
| (continued next column) | | (e.g. other actions that would have been brought in state court related to bankruptcy case) | | |
| | II uii | related to bankruptcy case) | | |
| Check if this case involves a substantive issue of state law | Check if | this is asserted to be a class action under FRCP 23 | | |
| ☐ Check if a jury trial is demanded in complaint | Demand | \$ | | |
| Other Relief Sought | | | | |
| Rescission of Insurance Policy | | | | |
| | | | | |



| BANKRUPTCY CASE IN WHICH THIS ADVERSARY PROCEEDING ARISES | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| NAME OF DEBTOR LAYFIELD & BARRETT, APC | | BANKRUPTCY CASE NO. 2:17-bk-19548-NB | | | | | |
| DISTRICT IN WHICH CASE IS PENDING CENTRAL | | DIVISION OFFICE | NAME OF JUDGE Niel W. Bason | | | | |
| RELATED ADVERSARY PROCEEDING (IF ANY) | | | | | | | |
| PLAINTIFF DEFENDANT | | | ADVERSARY PROCEEDING NO. | | | | |
| DISTRICT IN WHICH ADVERSARY IS PENDIN | NG | DIVISION OFFICE | NAME OF JUDGE | | | | |
| SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR PLAINTIFF) | | | | | | | |
| DATE August 22, 2017 | | PRINT NAME OF ATTORNE Michael F. Perlis | Ý (OR PLAINTIFF) | | | | |

INSTRUCTIONS

The filing of a bankruptcy case creates an "estate" under the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court which consists of all of the property of the debtor, wherever that property is located. Because the bankruptcy estate is so extensive and the jurisdiction of the court so broad, there may be lawsuits over the property or property rights of the estate. There also may be lawsuits concerning the debtor's discharge. If such a lawsuit is filed in a bankruptcy court, it is called an adversary proceeding.

A party filing an adversary proceeding must also must complete and file Form 1040, the Adversary Proceeding Cover Sheet, unless the party files the adversary proceeding electronically through the court's Case Management/Electronic Case Filing system (CM/ECF). (CM/ECF captures the information on Form 1040 as part of the filing process.) When completed, the cover sheet summarizes basic information on the adversary proceeding. The clerk of court needs the information to process the adversary proceeding and prepare required statistical reports on court activity.

The cover sheet and the information contained on it do not replace or supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, the Bankruptcy Rules, or the local rules of court. The cover sheet, which is largely self-explanatory, must be completed by the plaintiff's attorney (or by the plaintiff if the plaintiff is not represented by an attorney). A separate cover sheet must be submitted to the clerk for each complaint filed.

Plaintiffs and Defendants. Give the names of the plaintiffs and defendants exactly as they appear on the complaint.

Attorneys. Give the names and addresses of the attorneys, if known.

Party. Check the most appropriate box in the first column for the plaintiffs and the second column for the defendants.

Demand. Enter the dollar amount being demanded in the complaint.

Signature. This cover sheet must be signed by the attorney of record in the box on the second page of the form. If the plaintiff is represented by a law firm, a member of the firm must sign. If the plaintiff is pro se, that is, not represented by an attorney, the plaintiff must sign.



FED. R BANKR. P. 7007.1 CORPORATE OWNERSHIP STATEMENT

300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600

Locke Lord LLP

Los Angeles, CA 9007

Carrier Carrie

28

1

Pursuant to Rule 7007.1 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure, Evanston Insurance Company states that it is a subsidiary of Markel Corporation, a Virginia Corporation, headquartered at 4521 Highwoods Parkway, Glen Allen, Virginia 23060. Markel Corporation (ticker symbol = MKL) is publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange.

Dated: August 22, 2017

LOCKE LORD LLP

By: /s/ Daniel A. Solitro

Michael F. Perlis Richard R. Johnson Lilian M. Khanjian Daniel A. Solitro

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

EVANSTON INSURANCE COMPANY